

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)

Financial Report
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

THE ORGANIZATION

The Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District) ("DCRA") was established in accordance with Florida Statutes Chapter 163 PART III Community Redevelopment to finance and redevelop the City of Hollywood's ("City") designated redevelopment areas. The DCRA, whose board members are the same as the members of the City Commission, provides services that exclusively benefit the City's downtown areas.

The Board Members of the DCRA for the years ended September 30, 2009 were as follows:

HOLLYWOOD, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (DOWNTOWN DISTRICT)

BOARD MEMBERS

PETER BOBER, Chairperson

BEAM FURR, Vice Chairperson – District 2

RICHARD BLATTNER, Board Member – District 4

PATRICIA ASSEFF, Board Member – District 1

HEIDI O'SHEEHAN, Board Member – District 3

FRAN RUSSO, Board Member – District 5

LINDA SHERWOOD, Board Member – District 6

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

NEIL FRITZ

GENERAL COUNSEL

JEFFREY P. SHEFFEL

DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

BRYAN CAHEN

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors
Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and the major fund of the Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District) ("DCRA"), a component unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, which collectively comprise the DCRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the DCRA's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the DCRA as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 1, 2010 on our consideration of the DCRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 1, 2010

**Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)**

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District) (the "DCRA") is designed to provide an objective and succinct analysis of the financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions of the DCRA's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008. Specifically, this information is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the DCRA's financial activity and identify changes in the DCRA's financial position and its ability to address the next year's challenges.

The information contained in this MD&A is only a component of the entire financial statement report. Readers should take time to read and evaluate all sections of the report, including the footnotes and required supplementary information provided.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of the DCRA exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$19.7 million (net deficit).
- The DCRA's total net assets increased by \$2.7 million in fiscal year 2009 and decreased by \$9.6 million in fiscal year 2008.
- Comparing fiscal 2009 with 2008, the governmental activities revenue increased by \$1.2 million and expenses decreased by \$11.2 million. The net results from activities increased by \$12.4 million or 128% over the results in 2008. In fiscal years 2009 and 2008, the results of activities produced an increase in net assets of \$2.7 million and a decrease of \$9.6 million, respectively.
- The DCRA's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$2.7 million or 0.8 % during the current year and increased by \$3.2 million or 10.5% in the prior year. No new debt was issued during either year.
- The DCRA's assets decreased by \$0.2 million or 1.7% during the current year and by \$6.9 million or 36.6% in the prior year. These decreases are attributed to capital outlay expenditures funded by loan proceeds received in prior years.
- At September 30, 2009 and 2008, unreserved fund balance in the DCRA's governmental fund was \$0.3 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report follows a format consisting of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, which have the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements, and Required Supplementary Information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the DCRA.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements report both long-term and short term information about the DCRA's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are governmental fund financial statement that focus on reporting the DCRA's operation in more detail, for example, how services like economic environment were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of unaudited Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

**Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the DCRA's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the DCRA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the DCRA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the DCRA's net assets changed during the most recent two fiscal years. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements listed above distinguish functions of the DCRA that are principally supported by tax increment funds and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the DCRA include general government, transportation, economic environment, physical environment and culture and recreation. The governmental activity of the DCRA is community redevelopment.

The government-wide financial statements include only the financial activities of the DCRA. However, the DCRA is considered a component unit of the City of Hollywood, and as such, the financial information of the DCRA is included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for both fiscal years.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The DCRA, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. These statements focus on individual parts of the DCRA government, reporting the DCRA's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of a fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the DCRA's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Key elements of the reconciliation of these two statements are that the government-wide statement of activities reports the issuance of debt as a liability, the purchases of capital assets as assets which are then charged to expense over their useful lives (depreciated) and changes in long-term liabilities as adjustments of expenses. Conversely, the governmental funds statements report the issuance of debt as an other financing source of funds, the repayment of debt as an expenditure, the purchase of capital assets as an expenditure and do not reflect changes in long-term liabilities.

The DCRA maintains one governmental fund. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund. The DCRA does not have any nonmajor governmental funds.

The CRA Board adopts an annual appropriated budget. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided as Required Supplementary Information in this report to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information such as a budgetary comparison schedule.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The two government-wide statements report the DCRA's net assets and how they have changed. Table 1 presents net assets – the difference between the DCRA's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the DCRA's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the DCRA's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the DCRA you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the DCRA's increment property tax base and the condition of its infrastructure.

A large portion of the DCRA's assets (70.7% and 67.3% for 2009 and 2008 respectively) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements and equipment). The DCRA uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the DCRA's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Summary of Net Assets

The table below summarizes the summary of net assets:

Table 1
Summary of Net Assets
September 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007
(\$ in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		
	2009	2008	2007
Current and other assets	\$ 3,444	\$ 3,905	\$ 10,612
Capital assets	8,307	8,053	8,262
Total assets	11,751	11,958	18,874
Long-term liabilities	30,852	33,557	30,346
Current liabilities	589	825	1,321
Total liabilities	31,441	34,382	31,667
Net assets (deficit)			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,596	1,891	1,732
Unrestricted (deficit)	(22,286)	(24,315)	(14,525)
Total net assets	\$ (19,690)	\$ (22,424)	\$ (12,793)

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

Governmental activities increased the DCRA's net assets by \$2.7 million and decreased \$9.6 million and \$1.6 million for the years ended September 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 respectively.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Summary of Changes in Net Assets

Governmental activities increased the DCRA's net assets by \$2.7 million in 2009 and decreased by \$9.6 in 2008. Key elements of this change are shown in Table 2 below:

Table 2
Summary of Changes in Net Assets
For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007
(\$ in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		
	2009	2008	2007
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	1,299
General revenues:			
Tax increment property taxes	7,749	6,224	6,475
Investment earnings	30	314	260
Miscellaneous	162	189	254
Total revenue	7,941	6,727	8,288
Expenses:			
General government	2,976	8,498	2,828
Transportation	87	-	-
Economic environment	53	4,535	884
Physical environment	126	790	630
Culture and recreation	274	568	3,522
Interest and fiscal charges	1,691	1,967	2,028
Total expenses	5,207	16,358	9,892
Net Increase (decrease) in net assets	2,734	(9,631)	(1,604)
Net assets (deficit) – October 1	(22,424)	(12,793)	(11,189)
Net assets (deficit) – September 30	\$ (19,690)	\$ (22,424)	\$ (12,793)

Key elements of the net increase are as follows:

- Property taxes increased by \$1.5 million during the year, as a result of the approval by Florida voters of Amendment 1, a constitutional amendment that increases homestead exemptions, allows portability of Save Our Homes tax savings and limits assessments increases for all properties not previously capped; however, there was also an offsetting increase in tax base due to new construction.
- The reduction of \$0.3 million in the other revenues category under the governmental activities is attributable to lower interest rates on invested funds.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

- The decrease noted in expense resulted from an overall reduction of projects in the DCRA district. Specifically, significant expenses incurred in fiscal year 2008 related to certain DCRA development incentives that did not reoccur in 2009.

Financial Analysis of DCRA Funds

As noted earlier, the DCRA uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund

The focus of the DCRA's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the DCRA's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Although it is termed "unreserved fund balance" or "fund balance" for the purposes of this section, all funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year is set aside for future projects within the DCRA.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the DCRA. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$2.2 million and was \$3.3 million in prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 26.9% and 25.9% of total General Fund expenditures 2009 and 2008 respectively, while total fund balance represents 36.9% and 26.7%, respectively of that same amount.

The current year fund balance of the DCRA's general fund decreased by \$0.4 million and by \$6.2 million in the prior year. These decreases are due primarily to capital outlay expenditures funded by loan proceeds received in prior years. During the year, revenue sources experienced shortfalls in interest earned due to the current reduction in market interest rates.

The DCRA records overlapping governmental revenue and grants for financing redevelopment activity in the downtown redevelopment district. Due to the multi-year nature of redevelopment activities, funds may be accumulated for the purpose of providing funding for ongoing or planned construction projects. Fund balance for this fund totaled approximately \$3.0 million at September 30, 2009 and \$3.4 million at September 30, 2008 and is available for debt service, prepaid items and specified activities of the fund.

Budgetary Highlights

The DCRA's General Fund is required to adopt an annual budget prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

During the current year, the DCRA budget was amended for the following purposes:

- Offsetting appropriation adjustments among multiple accounts totaling approximately \$71,000 with no increase in total appropriations.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Budget to actual fluctuations resulted from the following reasons:

- Overall General Fund expenditures for the year were \$2,508,694 under amended appropriations that had been increased during the year by approximately \$1.9 million for rollover of existing capital project budgets as well as newly approved capital projects.
- General Fund balance at year end was \$3,037,092 or \$385,299 lower than beginning fund balance.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The DCRA's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 amounts to \$8.3 million and \$8.1 million respectively (net of accumulated depreciation) as presented in Table 3. This investment in capital assets includes, land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, streets, roads and construction in progress. The total increase in the DCRA's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.2% for 2009 and a decrease of 2.5% for 2008.

The most notable capital assets events occurring during the year were increases in construction in progress of approximately \$0.5 million in government activities.

Table 3
Capital Assets
 As of September 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007
 (\$ in thousands)

	2009	2008	2007
Governmental Activities:			
Land	\$ 4,901	\$ 4,901	\$ 4,901
Buildings and improvements, net	2,938	3,133	3,328
Equipment, net	16	19	33
Construction in progress	452	-	-
Total	\$ 8,307	\$ 8,053	\$ 8,262

The most significant capital project underway in the DCRA is the streetlight replacement project.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the DCRA had a total debt outstanding in the amount of \$26.1 million.

Table 4
Long-Term Debt
As of September 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007
(\$ in thousands)

	2009	2008	2007
Governmental Activities:			
Redevelopment Loans	\$ 26,071	\$ 28,377	\$ 30,324

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate in the City averaged 8.5% during fiscal year 2009 based on information obtained from the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, which is higher than the average rate of 4.9% a year ago. This rate is lower than the state's average unemployment rate of approximately 9.5% and is the same as the national average rate of 8.5%.
- Inflationary trends in the region increased on average .1% for fiscal year 2009 as compared to a decrease of .6% in similar national indices (i.e. Consumer Price Index).

All of these factors were considered in preparing the DCRA's budget for the 2010 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency's (Downtown District) finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Financial Services, 2600 Hollywood Boulevard, Hollywood, Florida 33020

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Statements of Net Assets
September 30, 2009 and 2008

Assets	Governmental Activities	
	2009	2008
Cash	\$ 200	\$ 200
Pooled investments	730,431	1,984,826
Accounts receivable	7,625	14,583
Notes receivable, net of allowance	1,880,506	1,805,145
Prepaid deposits	725,000	-
Restricted investments	100,000	100,000
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable	5,353,516	4,901,427
Depreciable, net	2,953,926	3,151,574
Total assets	11,751,204	11,957,755
Liabilities		
Vouchers payable	114,664	199,663
Deposits payable	3,577	-
Due to other governments	121,362	113,780
Interest payable	276,449	334,861
Construction contracts payable	73,756	176,354
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year:		
Compensated absences	30,928	30,474
Bonds and loans payable	2,322,742	2,308,037
Other liabilities	700,000	450,000
Due in more than one year:		
Compensated absences	-	369
Bonds and loans payable	23,748,246	26,068,487
Other liabilities	4,050,000	4,700,000
Total liabilities	31,441,724	34,382,025
Net Assets (Deficit)		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,595,830	1,890,798
Unrestricted (deficit)	(22,286,350)	(24,315,068)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ (19,690,520)	\$ (22,424,270)

See Notes to Financial Statements

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Statements of Activities

Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

	Governmental Activities	
	2009	2008
	Expenses	Expenses
Functions:		
General government	\$ (2,976,475)	\$ (8,498,458)
Transportation	(86,680)	-
Economic environment	(52,898)	(4,534,746)
Physical environment	(126,054)	(789,691)
Culture and recreation	(274,099)	(568,430)
Interest expense	(1,691,195)	(1,967,110)
Total governmental activities	(5,207,401)	(16,358,435)
General Revenues:		
Increment property taxes	7,748,911	6,223,614
Investment earnings	30,116	313,664
Miscellaneous	162,124	189,579
Total general revenues	7,941,151	6,726,857
Changes in net assets	2,733,750	(9,631,578)
Net assets (deficit), beginning	(22,424,270)	(12,792,692)
Net assets (deficit), ending	\$ (19,690,520)	\$ (22,424,270)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Balance Sheets
Governmental Fund
September 30, 2009 and 2008

Assets	2009	2008
Cash	\$ 200	\$ 200
Pooled investments	730,431	1,984,826
Accounts receivable	7,625	14,583
Notes receivable, net of allowances	1,880,506	1,805,145
Prepaid deposits	725,000	-
Restricted investments	100,000	100,000
Total assets	\$ 3,443,762	\$ 3,904,754
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities:		
Vouchers payable	\$ 114,664	\$ 199,663
Accrued wages and leave	8,896	7,879
Deposits payable	3,577	-
Due to other governments	1,949	-
Deferred revenue	203,828	98,467
Construction contracts payable	73,756	176,354
Total liabilities	406,670	482,363
Fund balances:		
Reserved for:		
Debt service	100,000	100,000
Prepaid Items	725,000	-
Long-term notes receivable	1,880,506	1,805,145
Unreserved	331,586	1,517,246
Total fund balances	3,037,092	3,422,391
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,443,762	\$ 3,904,754

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Reconciliations of the Balance Sheets of the Governmental
Fund to the Statements of Net Assets
September 30, 2009 and 2008

	2009	2008
Total fund balances – governmental fund	\$ 3,037,092	\$ 3,422,391
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	8,307,442	8,053,001
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	203,828	98,467
Adjustment to Due to Other Governments	(119,413)	(113,780)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, compensated absences and other liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(31,119,469)	(33,884,349)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ (19,690,520)	\$ (22,424,270)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Fund
Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

	2009	2008
Revenues:		
Increment property taxes:		
City	\$ 3,631,084	\$ 2,939,572
Other governmental	4,117,827	3,284,042
Investment	30,116	313,664
Miscellaneous	56,763	91,112
Total revenues	7,835,790	6,628,390
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	2,774,126	2,665,281
Economic environment	452,898	4,984,746
Physical environment	126,054	707,138
Culture and recreation	262,134	152,684
Capital outlay:		
Physical environment	-	82,553
Culture and recreation	11,965	415,746
Transportation	538,770	-
Debt Service:		
Principal	2,305,535	1,947,154
Interest and fiscal charges	1,749,607	1,861,644
Total expenditures	8,221,089	12,816,946
Net changes in fund balances	(385,299)	(6,188,556)
Fund balances, beginning	3,422,391	9,610,947
Fund balances, ending	\$ 3,037,092	\$ 3,422,391

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Reconciliations of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of the Governmental Fund to the Statements of Activities
September 30, 2009 and 2008

	2009	2008
Net changes in fund balances – governmental fund	\$ (385,299)	\$ (6,188,556)
Difference in amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities:		
Capital outlay, reported as expenditures in Governmental Fund, are shown as capital assets in the Statement of Net Assets.	463,864	-
Depreciation expenses on governmental capital assets included in the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	(209,423)	(208,599)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the Governmental Fund.	105,361	98,467
Repayment of long-term debt and other liabilities is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Fund, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	2,705,536	2,397,154
Certain items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Fund.		
Other liabilities		(5,600,000)
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt	58,412	(105,466)
Adjustments to due to other governments	(5,633)	(18,404)
Adjustments to compensated absences	932	(5,752)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	(422)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 2,733,750	\$ (9,631,578)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

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Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District) ("DCRA") is a district that comprises the Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), which is legally separate from the City of Hollywood, Florida (the "City"). The CRA was established in accordance with Florida Statutes Chapter 163 PART III COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT to finance and redevelop the City's designated redevelopment areas to provide services that exclusively benefit the City's downtown area. The Board of Directors of the DCRA is comprised of the members of the City Commission and the Mayor. The DCRA meets the criteria for inclusion in the City's reporting entity as a blended component unit, and therefore, has been reported in the basic financial statements of the City.

This summary of the DCRA's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The accounting policies of the DCRA conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the DCRA as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements focus on short-term results of operations and financing decisions at a specific fund level. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given functional category are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific functional category. Program revenues include operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. In 2009 and 2008, the DCRA did not receive any program revenues. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Tax increment financing from property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year when levied for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheet. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to reconcile the fund based financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. Their operating statements present sources (revenue and financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of available spendable resources during the period. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the DCRA considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except for debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences which are both recognized when due.

Tax increment property taxes, when levied for, intergovernmental, when all the eligibility requirements have been met, and interest earnings associated with the current fiscal period, are all considered to be measurable and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenues are measurable upon receipt of cash and are recognized at that time.

The DCRA reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund accounts for all financial resources that are used to finance redevelopment projects within the downtown redevelopment district.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the DCRA's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. **CASH AND INVESTMENTS** – The City is responsible for all treasury functions including the DCRA. Amounts reported reflect a portion of the City's pooled cash and investments and restricted investments. Investment revenue of pooled investments is allocated monthly based upon equity balances of the DCRA.
2. **ACCOUNTS AND INCREMENT TAX RECEIVABLES** – All accounts and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Accounts receivable in excess of 90 days comprise the accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 100% of outstanding property taxes at September 30, 2009.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Real and personal property values are assessed on a county-wide basis by the Broward County Property Appraiser as of January 1, each year. Taxable value of property within the DCRA is certified by the Property Appraiser on July 1. The taxing authorities levy a property tax millage rate upon that taxable value to provide revenue required for the fiscal year beginning October 1. Taxes for the fiscal year beginning October 1 are billed in the month of November, subject to a 1% per month discount for the period November through February, and are due not later than March 31. On April 1, unpaid amounts become delinquent with interest and penalties added thereafter. Beginning June 1, tax certificates representing delinquent amounts are sold by Broward County, with remittance to the taxing authority for their share of those receipts.

The taxing authorities levying taxes in the DCRA pay to the DCRA an amount equal to ninety-five percent (95%) of the difference between the amount of ad valorem taxes levied by the taxing authorities, exclusive of debt service millage, and the difference between the current taxable real property values in the district and the assessed valuation of taxable real property in the district when it was created.

3. DUE TO/DUE FROM – Activity between the primary government and the DCRA, that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either “due to/from other governments.
4. RESTRICTED ASSETS – Certain revenue bond proceeds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet or statement of net assets because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.
5. CAPITAL ASSETS – Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, building and improvements, and equipment, are reported in the governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one (1) year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets includes real property that is held by the DCRA for future development.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	5 to 40
Equipment	2 to 15

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

6. COMPENSATED ABSENCES – It is the DCRA's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. A portion of accumulated sick pay benefits are paid upon separation, based on number of years of service. All vacation pay and applicable portion of sick pay balances are accrued when incurred in the government-wide statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, and annual debt payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. FUND EQUITY – In the financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.
9. NET ASSETS – The government-wide statements utilized a net asset presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets net of related debt. This is intended to reflect the portion of net assets which are associated with capital, less outstanding capital assets related debt, net of the unspent debt proceeds, and unrestricted net assets. These have no third party limitations on their use.
10. ESTIMATES – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.
11. RISK MANAGEMENT – The DCRA is insured, through the City's self-insurance program, for general liability, workers' compensation, health, directors and officers, and property damage. The City's risk management fund charges the DCRA annual insurance premiums for the amount of the annual premium which represents the maximum liability of the DCRA for any related losses incurred for the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008. Consequently, the DCRA does not retain its own liability in outstanding claims against it beyond the maximum premium paid.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Budgetary Control

For the year ended September 30, 2008, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund, (the legal level of budgetary control) by \$1,496,146, mainly due to adjustments required to reserves for certain receivables related to a development agreement. The information prompting these adjustments was received after the DCRA year end budget adjustment resolution was approved within the time-frame required by State statutes.

Note 3. Cash and Investments

The City maintains all cash and investments for the DCRA. Substantially all cash and investments of the DCRA are held in the City's pooled cash and investments. DCRA's equity share of the total pooled cash and investments is included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets under the caption "Pooled investments" other than investments titled "restricted." DCRA's investments with the city were approximately \$730,000 and \$1,985,000 in years 2009 and 2008, respectively, which represents less than 1% of the City's pooled investments as of September 30, 2009 and 1.6% as of September 30, 2008. (See the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for disclosures relating to its interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk).

At September 30, 2009 and 2008, the DCRA also had \$100,000 of money market mutual funds with the City.

Note 4. Notes Receivable

The notes receivable balances are comprised of the following at September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	2009	2008
Current Loans	\$ 270,000	\$ 300,000
Deferred Loans	5,110,506	5,005,145
	<u>5,380,506</u>	<u>5,305,145</u>
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(3,500,000)	(3,500,000)
Notes Receivable - Net	<u><u>\$ 1,880,506</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,805,145</u></u>

The notes receivable consist of loans to developers and others in approved projects. The loans are collateralized with property and a purchase money mortgage.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 was as follows:

	2009			Ending Balance
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,901,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,901,427
Construction in progress	-	452,089	-	452,089
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,901,427	452,089	-	5,353,516
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	3,896,291	-	-	3,896,291
Equipment	70,839	11,775	-	82,614
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,967,130	11,775	-	3,978,905
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	763,024	194,814	-	957,838
Equipment	52,532	14,609	-	67,141
Total accumulated depreciation	815,556	209,423	-	1,024,979
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,151,574	(197,648)	-	2,953,926
 Capital assets, net	 \$ 8,053,001	 \$ 254,441	 \$ -	 \$ 8,307,442

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

	2008			Ending Balance
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,901,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,901,427
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,901,427	-	-	4,901,427
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	3,896,291	-	-	3,896,291
Equipment	77,162		6,323	70,839
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,973,453	-	6,323	3,967,130
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	568,209	194,815	-	763,024
Equipment	44,649	13,784	5,901	52,532
Total accumulated depreciation	612,858	208,599	5,901	815,556
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,360,595	(208,599)	422	3,151,574
Capital assets, net	\$ 8,262,022	\$ (208,599)	\$ 422	\$ 8,053,001

Depreciation expense was charged to function as follows:

	2009	2008
Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$ 209,423	\$ 208,599

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Construction Commitments

The DCRA has outstanding commitments for construction and acquisition of capital assets. These commitments were fully funded through bond proceeds and other reserves from the respective funds at September 30:

	2009		2008
Various redevelopment projects	\$ 87,370	\$	181,363

Note 7. Long-Term Debt

A. Government Activities Debt

Summarized below are the DCRA's debt issued to finance the acquisition cost of various community redevelopment projects that were outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and 2008:

- \$2,000,000 Community Redevelopment Agency Redevelopment Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 – The DCRA issued this bond collateralized by tax increment revenues of the Agency and a secondary pledge of the City's public service tax revenues to finance street improvements in downtown Hollywood, at an annual interest rate of 5.013%.
- \$31,500,000 Community Redevelopment Agency Loans – Loans committed to fund certain redevelopment projects and/or redevelopment incentives of the DCRA as approved by its governing board. The DCRA has pledged its tax increment revenues for repayment of these loans. The interest rates on \$2,500,000 and \$4,000,000 of these loans are fixed at 5.44% and 5.61% respectively. The interest rates on the remaining outstanding borrowings are variable and equal to the one month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as published periodically in the Wall Street Journal plus 1.75%. Interest rate on these borrowings was approximately 2.00% and 5.68% at September 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively.

On September 22, 2006, the DCRA issued its Promissory Note, Series 2006A (2006A Note) in the principal amount of \$20,500,000 for the purpose of refunding its Promissory Notes Series, 2004B, 2005A and 2005B (Previous Notes) also totaling \$20,500,000. The 2006A Note and the previous Notes carry the same interest rate, 175 basis points over the 1-month LIBOR, and all were issued as bank loans/line of credits by the same financial institution. The only cost of issuance for both the 2006A Note and the Previous Notes was limited to minimal counsel fees which were fully expensed the year transactions were entered into. There was no gain or loss as a result of this refunding which basically consolidated three notes into one with no other financial reporting effect. This transaction constitutes an interest rate swap which is further described below.

On September 22, 2006 the DCRA entered into a fixed payer swap with Bank of America for the purpose of fixing its debt payments to manage the interest rate risk associated with variable rate debt. The swap is related to the 2006A Note described above, resulting in a synthetic fixed rate debt. The swap's notional amount as of September 30, 2006 was \$20,500,000. The swap has an effective date of September 22, 2006 and a termination date of November 1, 2022. The DCRA pays a fixed rate of 7.075% and receives the 1-month LIBOR plus 1.75%. Payments are netted by each party to the other and made on a quarterly basis. There was no cash paid or received when the swap was initiated.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

At September 30, 2009 and 2008 the underlying swap with Bank of America had a fair value of \$2,599,891 and \$1,352,335 respectively. The notional value of \$18,108,333 and \$19,475,000 for 2009 and 2008 respectively of this borrowing is included in bonds, loans and leases payable in the statement of net assets. This fair value was obtained from the counterparty's mark to market report submitted to the DCRA.

The swap counterparty's ratings at September 30, 2009 by Moody's/Standard and Poor's were Aaa/AA. The DCRA will have a market breakage risk if it decides to unwind the swap in a lower rate environment. The transaction has no basis risk since the swap payments the DCRA receives match the payments it is making on the underlying loan and both use the same index. There is no tax risk since the swap is indexed to LIBOR, a taxable index.

Using rates at September 30, 2009 and 2008, the debt service requirements of the DCRA's variable-rate debt and related swap are as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments will vary:

2009				
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Swap Rate Interest	Total
2010	\$ 1,366,667	\$ 346,602	\$ 882,188	\$ 2,595,457
2011	1,366,667	319,329	812,769	2,498,765
2012	1,366,667	292,055	743,352	2,402,074
2013	1,366,667	264,781	673,934	2,305,382
2014	1,366,667	237,508	604,515	2,208,690
2015-2019	6,833,333	778,434	1,981,307	9,593,074
2020-2023	4,441,665	140,345	357,214	4,939,224
	<u>\$ 18,108,333</u>	<u>\$ 2,379,054</u>	<u>\$ 6,055,279</u>	<u>\$ 26,542,666</u>

2008				
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Swap Rate Interest	Total
2009	\$ 1,366,667	\$ 1,063,430	\$ 262,052	\$ 2,692,149
2010	1,366,667	985,854	242,936	2,595,457
2011	1,366,667	908,279	223,819	2,498,765
2012	1,366,667	901,814	222,226	2,490,707
2013	1,366,667	824,239	203,110	2,394,016
2014-2018	6,833,333	2,957,563	825,499	10,616,395
2019-2023	5,808,332	971,309	239,351	7,018,992
	<u>\$ 19,475,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,612,488</u>	<u>\$ 2,218,993</u>	<u>\$ 30,306,481</u>

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	2009				Amounts Due Within One Year
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable:					
Redevelopment Bonds, Loans and Notes Payable	\$ 28,376,524	\$ -	\$ 2,305,536	\$ 26,070,988	\$ 2,322,742
Total Payable	28,376,524	-	2,305,536	26,070,988	2,322,742
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	30,843	42,613	42,528	30,928	51,424
Other Liabilities	5,150,000	-	400,000	4,750,000	700,000
Total Other Liabilities	5,180,843	42,613	442,528	4,780,928	751,424
Total Governmental Activities Long- Term Liabilities	\$ 33,557,367	\$ 42,613	\$ 2,748,064	\$ 30,851,916	\$ 3,074,166

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	2008				
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable:					
Redevelopment Bonds, Loans and Notes Payable	\$ 30,323,678	\$ -	\$ 1,947,154	\$ 28,376,524	\$ 2,308,037
Total Payable	30,323,678	-	1,947,154	28,376,524	2,308,037
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	22,366	31,072	22,595	30,843	30,474
Other Liabilities	-	5,600,000	450,000	5,150,000	450,000
Total Other Liabilities	22,366	5,631,072	472,595	5,180,843	480,474
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 30,346,044	\$ 5,631,072	\$ 2,419,749	\$ 33,557,367	\$ 2,788,511

C. Summary of Annual Debt Service Requirements

Summary of Annual Debt Service Requirements – The annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	2009			
	DCRA Redevelopment Revenue Loans (a)		DCRA Redevelopment Revenue Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
Ending:				
2010	\$ 2,138,587	\$ 1,563,106	\$ 184,155	\$ 6,943
2011	2,147,528	1,437,354	-	-
2012	2,156,787	1,311,235	-	-
2013	2,166,973	1,177,492	-	-
2014	2,177,529	1,046,727	-	-
2015-2019	10,657,762	3,260,506	-	-
2020-2023	4,441,667	558,663	-	-
	\$ 25,886,833	\$ 10,355,083	\$ 184,155	\$ 6,943

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending:	2008			
	DCRA Redevelopment Revenue Loans (a)		DCRA Redevelopment Revenue Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2009	\$ 2,130,089	\$ 1,810,155	\$ 177,948	\$ 15,848
2010	2,138,569	1,633,382	181,648	6,944
2011	2,147,526	1,503,384	-	-
2012	2,156,786	1,369,539	-	-
2013	2,166,971	1,227,758	-	-
2014-2018	10,942,371	4,048,317	-	-
2019-2023	6,334,616	953,710	-	-
	<u>\$ 28,016,928</u>	<u>\$ 12,546,245</u>	<u>\$ 359,596</u>	<u>\$ 22,792</u>

(a) Interest is variable, based upon the prevailing prime, LIBOR or other rates and was calculated using the rate in effect at the financial statement date. This excludes the impact of the swap contract.

D. Pledged Revenue

General long-term debt bonds are collateralized by DCRA pledged funds, mostly tax increment revenues. The following table reports the revenue pledged for the debt issue, the amounts of such revenue received in the current year, the current year principal and interest paid on the debt, the date through which the revenue is pledged under the debt agreement, and the total pledged future revenue for each debt, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on the bonds and loans at September 30, 2009 and 2008:

Bond/Loan Description	Pledged Revenue	Revenue Received	Principal and Interest	Outstanding Principal and Interest	Pledged Through
2009					
Redevelopment Loans					
Series 1995	Increment Tax Revenues	\$ 7,748,911	\$ 191,276	\$ 191,098	2010
Series 2002 to 2006A	Increment Tax Revenues	7,748,911	3,863,866	36,241,916	2023
2008					
Redevelopment Loans					
Series 1995	Increment Tax Revenues	6,223,614	191,276	382,388	2010
Series 2002 to 2006A	Increment Tax Revenues	6,223,614	3,617,522	40,563,173	2023

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Other Liabilities

The DCRA entered into agreements with third party developers for the purpose of constructing facilities, including some that were to be owned and operated by the DCRA. These agreements included provisions that required monetary compensation be paid to the developers upon achievement of defined completion milestones. The agreements allowed the DCRA to make payments over time. The agreements outstanding require equal payments of \$700,000 through fiscal year 2015 with one payment of \$550,000 in 2016. The obligation is not collateralized by any asset of the DCRA.

Note 9. Tax Increment Revenue

The DCRA is primarily funded through tax-increment revenue. This revenue is computed by applying the operating tax for the City, Broward County, South Broward Hospital District and Children's Services Council of Broward County multiplied by the increased value of property in the district over the base property value minus 5%. Each of the City, the County, the Hospital District and the Children's Services Council are required to fund this amount annually without regard to tax collections or other obligations.

Note 10. Other Information

A. Restricted Assets

Borrowing agreements require restriction of certain assets. Amounts required to be restricted totaled \$100,000 at each of September 30, 2009 and 2008.

B. Contingent Liabilities

The CRA is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of such litigation is not presently determinable, management does not believe the settlement of these matters will have a material effect upon the financial condition or results of operations of the affected funds.

C. Pension Plan Information

1. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLANS – The CRA has a contract with the ICMA-RC for a 401 (a) plan covering the executive directors and employees of the agency. The plan is established under the provisions of Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code as Money Purchase Plan and Trust. The assets of the plan are self-directed, and investment results are reported to employees quarterly. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment return. The plan does not require nor permit employee contributions. Plan participants become fully vested in the plans upon entry. The plan was established by City Commission, CRA Board resolution.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Other Information (Continued)

2. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS – The City offers certain DCRA employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, managed by independent plan administrators, permit employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. At the employee's election, such amounts may be invested in mutual funds which represent varying levels of risk and return. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, are held in trust, for the exclusive benefit of the plans' participants and their beneficiaries.

Since the DCRA has no fiduciary responsibility in either plan, they are not reflected in the DCRA's statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
(OTHER THAN MD&A)

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund
Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Increment property taxes:				
City	\$ 3,740,231	\$ 3,740,231	\$ 3,631,084	\$ (109,147)
Other governmental	4,163,337	4,163,337	4,117,827	(45,510)
Investment	-	-	30,116	30,116
Miscellaneous	-	-	56,763	56,763
Total revenues	7,903,568	7,903,568	7,835,790	(67,778)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,572,709	3,308,075	2,450,321	857,754
Economic environment	301,800	844,158	452,898	391,260
Physical environment	200,000	561,506	126,054	435,452
Culture and recreation	244,000	278,635	262,134	16,501
Total current	3,318,509	4,992,374	3,291,407	1,700,967
Capital Outlay:				
Transportation	1,000,000	1,200,000	538,770	661,230
Physical environment	-	2,400	-	2,400
Culture and recreation	10,000	16,000	11,965	4,035
Total capital outlay	1,010,000	1,218,400	550,735	667,665
Debt Service:				
Principal	2,305,510	2,305,510	2,305,535	(25)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,889,694	1,889,694	1,749,607	140,087
Total debt service	4,195,204	4,195,204	4,055,142	140,062
Total expenditures	8,523,713	10,405,978	7,897,284	2,508,694
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(620,145)	(2,502,410)	(61,494)	2,440,916
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out				
Beach Community Redevelopment Fund	(423,805)	(423,805)	(323,805)	100,000
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures and other financing uses	\$ (1,043,950)	\$ (2,926,215)	(385,299)	\$ 2,540,916
Fund balance, beginning			3,422,391	
Fund balance, ending			<u>\$ 3,037,092</u>	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund
Year Ended September 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Increment property taxes:				
City	\$ 2,957,683	\$ 2,939,572	\$ 2,939,572	\$ -
Other governmental	3,304,276	3,284,042	3,284,042	-
Investment revenue	-	-	313,664	313,664
Miscellaneous	-	-	83,231	83,231
Total revenues	6,261,959	6,223,614	6,620,509	396,895
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,508,380	3,022,527	2,415,281	607,246
Economic environment	1,227,058	2,106,112	4,984,746	(2,878,634)
Physical environment	290,429	1,053,185	707,138	346,047
Culture and recreation	152,681	152,681	152,684	(3)
Total current	4,178,548	6,334,505	8,259,849	(1,925,344)
Capital Outlay:				
General government				
Culture and recreation	-	470,568	415,746	54,822
Transportation	-	200,000	-	200,000
Physical environment	400,000	199,903	82,553	117,350
Total capital outlay	400,000	870,471	498,299	372,172
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,605,390	1,605,390	1,947,154	(341,764)
Interest and fiscal charges	2,260,434	2,260,434	1,861,644	398,790
Total debt service	3,865,824	3,865,824	3,808,798	57,026
Total expenditures	8,444,372	11,070,800	12,566,946	(1,496,146)
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(2,182,413)	(4,847,186)	(5,946,437)	(1,099,251)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in				
Housing Loan Fund	-	-	7,881	7,881
Transfers out				
Debt Service Fund	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(242,119)	7,881
Deficiency of revenues and				
transfers in under expenditures				
and other financing uses	\$ (2,432,413)	\$ (5,097,186)	(6,188,556)	\$ (1,091,370)
Fund balance, beginning			9,610,947	
Fund balance, ending			<u>\$ 3,422,391</u>	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
 (A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
 September 30, 2009 and 2008
 (Unaudited)

Note 1. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The DCRA adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

Prior to September 30, the Executive Director submits, to the Board of Directors, a proposed operating budget for the General Fund for the fiscal year commencing October 1 which is ratified prior to September 30. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

The DCRA Board is authorized to transfer budget amounts. Revisions that alter the total expenditure must be approved by the DCRA Board. Legal level of control is maintained at the fund level.

The accompanying budgetary data represents the original and the final amended budgets as approved by the DCRA Board. The difference between the two columns represents authorized budget transfers within the fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized, in which purchase orders, contracts, and other financial commitments for expenditures are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. This method is employed as an extension of formal budgetary accounting in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. In the General Fund, unexpended portions of such reserves lapse at the end of the next fiscal year after encumbrance.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Budget Basis to GAAP Basis

The following schedule reconciles the revenue and expenditure amounts on the budgetary comparison schedule – budget and actual (budgetary basis) to amounts on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances:

2009		
	Revenues	Expenditures
Revenue and expenditures – budgetary basis	\$ 7,835,790	\$ 7,897,284
Transfer out – Beach Community Redevelopment Fund	-	323,805
Revenue and expenditures – GAAP basis	<u>\$ 7,835,790</u>	<u>\$ 8,221,089</u>
2008		
	Revenues	Expenditures
Revenue and expenditures – budgetary basis	\$ 6,620,509	\$ 12,566,946
Transfer in – Housing Loan Fund	7,881	-
Transfer out – City of Hollywood General Fund	-	250,000
Revenue and expenditures – GAAP basis	<u>\$ 6,628,390</u>	<u>\$ 12,816,946</u>

OTHER REPORTS

**Independent Auditors' Report
on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit
of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
*Government Auditing Standards***

To the Board of Directors
Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment
Agency (Downtown District)

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities of The Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District) (the "DCRA"), a component unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, which collectively comprise the DCRA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 1, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the DCRA's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the DCRA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the DCRA's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the DCRA's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the DCRA's financial statements, that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected by the DCRA's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as IC 2009-01 and IC 2009-02 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the DCRA's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the above noted significant deficiencies to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the DCRA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The DCRA's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the DCRA's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of the Board of Directors and management of the DCRA and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 1, 2010

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Schedule of Findings and Responses
Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

I – Financial Statement Findings

A. Internal Control

IC 2009- 01 Lack of Proper Authorization and Support of Transactions

Criteria: Internal control policies and procedures should provide that each transaction has supporting documentation with proper authorization for requisitioning and purchasing goods and services, including controls to provide reasonable assurance that only authorized vendors are included on the vendor list and only authorized vendors are utilized.

Condition: For disbursements relating to the Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment (Downtown District), we noted that there was a lack of evidence of proper approval authorizing the procurement of goods or services. There was also a lack of evidence supporting that the vendors that were utilized were duly approved – that is subjected to an open competitive bidding process. We also noted that certain transactions recorded in the general ledger system did not have proper supporting documentation to indicate the nature of and extent of the items.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable.

Context: Of the 54 items selected for testing, 6 were noted to have the noted exceptions.

Effect: Failure to adopt and implement prudent procurement policies and the maintenance of supporting documentation could result in the acquisition of unauthorized items and the misuse of resources.

Cause: The findings are attributable to the lack of a formalized policy.

Recommendation: We recommend that the DCRA implement proper internal control policies and procedures, similar to those of the City's, so that each transaction has supporting documentation with proper authorization procedures for requisitioning and purchasing, including controls to ensure only authorized vendors are included on the vendor list and only authorized vendors are utilized.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective action: The DCRA concurs with the recommendation, and corrective action has been taken. Prior to November, 2008, the DCRA did not have formal policies and procedures in place as it relates to proper authorization. The DCRA has taken the following corrective action steps:

- (1) The DCRA implemented a formal policy and procedure manual that mirrored the City's procurement guidelines in November 2008;
- (2) Since November 2009 the DCRA has implemented proper controls by utilizing the requisition and purchasing process, requiring quotations and bids when necessary, with the assistance of the City's Office of Budget and Procurement Services;
- (3) The DCRA has received oversight from the City Manager's office since November 2009 which has properly aligned the Executive Director's authority parallel to that of a Department Director within the City.

Hollywood, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (Downtown District)
(A Component Unit of the City of Hollywood, Florida)

Schedule of Findings and Responses
Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

IC 2009-02 Budgeting System

Criteria: The budgeting system is an essential element of the financial planning, spending control, and performance evaluation processes. Original and final adopted legal budgets should be accurately recorded and maintained in order to effectively monitor spending compliance.

Condition: We noted that the budgets relating to the CRAs that are maintained in the general ledger system did not agree with the original or final legally adopted budgets.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable.

Context: This condition is considered to be systemic in nature.

Effect: If the system is not reflective of the Board's intentions, the DCRA could expend in a manner that is not approved.

Cause: The findings are attributable to the lack of a formalized policy where the inputs are reviewed for accuracy.

Recommendation: We recommend that the DCRA implement controls to ensure the budget approved by the Board is the budget that is utilized in daily transactions. Once the budget is approved we recommend that it is input to the system by one individual with the inputs approved by another. All amendments should be input in the same manner. The budget that is input to the financials should also be input and reviewed for accuracy.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective action: The DCRA concurs with the recommendation, and corrective action has been taken. The DCRA utilized excel spreadsheets to present, approve and track the budget. The system required manual input and reconciliation by staff which was inconsistent. The spreadsheets were then sent to the City's budget office for input into the financial system with no formal review process following. Beginning with the fiscal year end 2011 budget the DCRA will utilize the same system as is used by the City to ensure that the proper controls are in place.

B. Compliance

None reported.